

FMU MANAGEMENT PLAN (Amendment VI)

2018 - 2022

LALAN RUBBERS (PRIVATE) LIMITED

30th September 2022

1. INTRODUCTION

This is the amendment VI for the Forest Management Plan (FMP) 2018 – 2022. The main objective of this amendment is to declare the Oil Palm extent managed under each sub FMU. Oil Palm extents will be managed as a separate management unit and long term commitment to FSC™ (FSC- C101709) Principals and Criteria will not be compromised.

The company has made the above decision as we have no intention to market Palm Oil or any other product made out of Oil Palm as FSC™ certified products. All other crops i.e Rubber, Tea, Cinnamon, Coconut and Timber will be remained in the scope of sub FMUs.

Further the company has increased the total extent declared under conservation. According to the extent statement, we have declared 874.91 Ha under conservation.

Moreover, two policies have been formulated and several policies are amended and the summary of which is given in chapter 6.

Biodiversity assessment was completed and the reports are made available to the public.

2. EXTENTS UNDER OIL PALM

The following extents are managed under Oil Palm as of the date of this amendment.

Group	Estate	Division	Total Extent (Ha)
Mahaoya	Mahaoya	Mahaoya	48.41
		Ernen	-
		Glassel	6.36
	Woodend	Woodend	25.93
		Yogama	32.57
		Udayogama	-
		Rangegama	8.13
		Nugahena	-
		Talapitiya	15.51
	Densworth	Densworth	36.18
Group Total			173.09
Sapumalkande	Sapumalkande	Walpola	50.44
		Upper	46.35
		Clunes Upper	35.92
		Clunes Lower	11.84
		Galahitikande	35.72
		Nursery	7.81
	Reucastle	Reucastle	19.86
		Digala Upper	23.50
		Digala Lower	24.27
		Nahelma	46.08

	Illuktanna	Illuktanna	5.92
		Udaheenkande	-
Group Total			307.71
Udabage	Udabage	Upper	14.34
		Middle	-
		Lower	66.48
		Riverside	-
	Eila	Malhasna	-
		Eila	-
		Avington	-
	Udapola	Udapola	2.14
		Yatapola	2.73
		Manikkande	48.09
		Mawaththenna	-
Group Total			133.78
Company Total			614.58

Table1. Oil Palm extent details

3. SCOPE OF THE FOREST MANAGEMENT PLAN

Given below the summary of extents.

Group	Total Extent (Ha)	Conservation Area (Ha)	Line gardens (Ha)	Oil Palm (Ha)	Extent in the Scope (Ha)
Mahaoya	2,006.00	228.73	16.43	173.09	1,816.48
Miyanawita	972.51	291.21	NA	NA	776.03
Pitiakande	1,727.20	158.53	1.65	NA	1,725.55
Sapumalkande	2,042.80	110.34	287.72	307.71	1,447.37
Udabage	1,985.25	86.10	97.92	133.78	1,753.55
Company	8,733.76	874.91	403.72	614.58	7,518.98

Table 2. Scope of the FMP

Thereby the extent of the FMU will be 7,518.98 Ha. Extent under conservation as a % of total extent under the scope is 11.64%.

4. HARVESTING, REPLANTING, PEST AND DISEASE MANAGEMENT AND OTHER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Harvesting, replanting and other management practices will be undertaken within the FMU with compliance to FSC Principals and Criteria. Agronomical practices are adopted as per the recommendations of the relevant research institutes. The management will take actions to eliminate green washing whenever possible.

5. PREVENTION OF CONTAMINATION OF FSC WITH NON FSC PRODUCTS

Since we are excluding whole Oil Palm area from the scope the risk of contamination with FSC and Non FSC is zero. We will not market/sell Palm Oil or any product made out of Oil Palm as FSC certified products. Please refer LRAD Policy No. 21 for further details.

6. NEW ADDITIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO THE POLICIES OF LALAN AGRI DIVISION

Following new policies were formulated and published during 01st August 2021 – 30th September 2022

Policy no 27. : Bribery and corruption prevention policy

Policy no 28. : Policy on core labour requirements

Following policies have been amended

Policy No.	Summary of amendments made
Policy No 08 – Sensitive Sites Policy	Recommendations of relevant research institute to be followed when there are pest outbreaks which are negatively affecting yields, productivity and economy.
Policy No 11 – Protected Forest Policy	Total conservation extents updated to 874.91 ha. Hunting, trapping, fishing and illicit cutting of trees to be monitored.
Policy No 17 – Diversification policy	Spread of invasive species to be controlled and will not be introduced.
Policy No. 19 – Management of Manufacturing Facilities	New addition of Cinnamon Leaf Oil Extraction Plant to the scope
Policy no 20 - Selling of FSC certified products and COC procedure	Information and responsibility chain updated
Policy no 24 – Management of Circular Leaf Spot Disease	Recommendations of relevant research institute to be followed when there are pest outbreaks which are negatively affecting yields, productivity and economy. Letter from RRISL attached.
Policy no 26 - Use of FSC TM (FSC-C101709) Trademark	Information and responsibility chain updated

7. BIODIVERSITY ASSESSMENT

Biodiversity assessment has been completed in all 15 estates. Company will endeavour to implement and adopt the recommendations made while continuing to conserve the natural environment including HCVs identified.

8. NEW ADDITION TO THE FSC COC SCOPE

The company has commenced extraction of cinnamon leaf oil and the processing unit is constructed in Thalapitiya Division of Woodend Estate of Mahaoya Group. This processing unit will be added to the scope from this year onwards.

9. PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Details of monitoring aspects required under FSC principals and criteria will be available for interested parties upon request.

10. MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT

Company has strengthened its monitoring mechanism through various means. Such as weekly reviews at the head office from the top management level to the muster meetings at the field level. Further, with the introduction of iHarvest online field level performance monitoring platform the monitoring has been further improved. Also we are monitoring FSC and other activities through various whatsapp groups where we can get real time updates.

11. HIGH CONSERVATION VALUES (HCV)

Following sites/ fauna which was identified as HCVs earlier now have been excluded from the list due to the reasons appended below. Further details can be provided upon request.

Name of HCV identified earlier	Reason for exclusion
Munamal tree at Nahelma Division	Not located inside the estate premises
Water spring at 1998 field of Digala Upper Division	Not located inside estate premises. Starting from outside village.
Pala peththa at Galahitikande Division	Not a rare variety and can be seen everywhere according to the monitoring records.

12. REVISION OF FMP 2023 – 27

The company has commenced the process to develop the next FMU Management Plan for the period of 2023-27. The new requirements from the FSC Interim National Standard will be incorporated to the next FMP.